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APPLICATION NO.		ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/641,519		08/21/2000	Kevin J. Ryan	M4065.0290/P290	8610	
24998	7590	01/27/2003				
		IRO MORIN & O	EXAMINER .			
2101 L STR WASHING		20037-1526		PEUGH, BRIAN R		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2187	-	
				DATE MAIL ED: 01/27/2003	DATE MAIL ED: 01/27/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No. Applicant(s)		W					
		09/641,519	RYAN, KEVIN J	l.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
		Brian R. Peugh	2187	<u> </u>					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A \$ TH - E - # - # - # - #	SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY E MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (fter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply it NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we aillure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing armed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, or within the statutory minimum will apply and will expire SIX (6, cause the application to because the application the application to because the application to because the applica	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered times MONTHS from the mailing date of this me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.					
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 E	December 2002 .							
2a)[☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.							
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
•	sition of Claims								
4)[Claim(s) 1 and 4-58 is/are pending in the appli								
5 \[4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration	1.						
_	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
	6) Claim(s) <u>1,4-7,13-18,22-29,35-40,44-50 and 54-58</u> is/are rejected.								
	☑ Claim(s) <u>8-12,19-21,30-34,41-43 and 51-53</u> is/s								
	☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ation Papers	election requiremen	t.						
9)[ceil The specification is objected to by the Examiner	·.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.									
_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the								
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.									
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
	y under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received	in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.									
Attachment(s)									
2) 🔲 No	otice of References Cited (PTO-892) otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Noti	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper Noce of Informal Patent Application (Page 1)						

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This Office Action is in response to applicant's communication filed December 10, 2002 in response to PTO Office Action dated September 10, 2002. The applicant's remarks and amendment to the specification and/or claims were considered with the results that follow.

Claims 1 and 4-58 have been presented for examination in this application. In response to the last Office Action, claims 2 and 3 have been canceled. Claims 1, 4, 8, 13, 35, 45, and 52 have been amended. Claims 55-58 have been added.

The indicated allowability of claims 4-7, 15, 16, 18, 24, 26-29, 37, 38, 40, 47, 48, and 50 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Leung (US# 6,504,780). Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 15, 16, 37, 38, 47, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 15 recites the limitation "said conflicting data access command" in line 3.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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Claim 37 recites the limitation "said conflicting data access command" in line 5.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 47 recites the limitation "said conflicting data access command" in lines 3-

4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claims 16, 38, and 48 are rejected as being dependant upon the rejected parent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 1, 4-7, 13, 14, 17, 18, 22-29, 35, 36, 39, 40, 44-46, 49, 50, and 54-58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Leung (US# 6,504,780).

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Regarding claims 1 and 55, Leung teaches a system for hiding refresh operations in a dram device using clock division. Figures 4 and 6 diagram the signals used for the external access and refresh operations performed on the DRAM cells. By dividing the clock cycle into two portions, an external request can occur on a first portion of the clock cycle, while the refresh operation occurs on the second portion of the clock cycle (abs., lines 10-13; col. 15, lines 17-26). The description of figures 4 and 6, detailing the specific signals, is found in column 8, line 26 – column 10, line 10 and column 13, line 31 – column 14, line 53, respectively. For example, regarding figure 2 at time T2, both a read access and refresh access are found to be pending. The read access is applied at the start of time T2, while the refresh operation occurs in the latter half of cycle T2 (col. 11, line 62 – col. 12, line 3).

Regarding claims 4 and 5, since an external access and refresh operation can exist at the same time, but occur at different times within a cycle as detailed above, the access will occur first and not conflict with the refresh operation. The system of Leung operates in this way should the access and refresh operations correspond (conflict) with each other.

Regarding claims 6 and 7, and specifically regarding claim 6, the next available time slot as claimed would correspond to the refresh operation occurring in the latter half of the time slot (T2, for example). A second data access could appear during the refresh cycle and occur at the beginning of the next time cycle, since the claim does not recite when the second data access occurs. Regarding claim 7, as can be seen form

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the timing diagram of figure 4, a second data access occurs just before the beginning of cycle T2 (WR# goes high, to indicate a write operation) during the refresh operation.

Regarding claims 13, 23, and 56, Leung teaches a system for hiding refresh operations in a dram device using clock division. Figures 4 and 6 diagram the signals used for the external access and refresh operations performed on the DRAM cells. By dividing the clock cycle into two portions, an external request can occur on a first portion of the clock cycle, while the refresh operation occurs on the second portion of the clock cycle (abs., lines 10-13; col. 15, lines 17-26). The description of figures 4 and 6. detailing the specific signals, is found in column 8, line 26 - column 10, line 10 and column 13, line 31 - column 14, line 53, respectively. For example, regarding figure 2 at time T2, both a read access and refresh access are found to be pending. The read access is applied at the start of time T2, while the refresh operation occurs in the latter half of cycle T2 (col. 11, line 62 - col. 12, line 3). The communication link as claimed could be any one of a number of signals as detailed in figure 4. For instance, the WR# signals is used for initiating a read or write operation. The controller as claimed refers to a memory array sequencer (122), which controls operations for the memory array (col. 5, lines 44-50), and a refresh controller (121) for controlling refreshing operations (co. 5, lines 6-7). As a result, external accesses can occur during a separate portion of the clock cycle than the refresh operation (col. 5, line 56 – col. 6, line 7).

Regarding claims 14 and 22, the WR# signal line, which carries a signal related to a read of write operation, would comprise a command/address bus as claimed.

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Regarding claim 17, the refresh controller (as recited above) is part of the controller as claimed.

Regarding claim 18, counters (201) and (202) are incremented according to the CLK signal, where the CLK signal is used for all commands (col. 5, lines 19-32).

Regarding claim 24, the WR# signal line, which carries a signal related to a read of write operation, would indicate a read or write command at, for instance, the beginning of time cycle T2, as seen in Figure 6.

Regarding claim 25, the refresh operation occurs according to the refresh controller in the latter half of the time cycle (time slot), as recited above.

Regarding claims 26 and 27, since an external access and refresh operation can exist at the same time, but occur at different times within a cycle as detailed above, the access will occur first and not conflict with the refresh operation. The system of Leung operates in this way should the access and refresh operations correspond (conflict) with each other.

Regarding claims 28 and 29, and specifically regarding claim 6, the next available time slot as claimed would correspond to the refresh operation occurring in the latter half of the time slot (T2, for example). A second data access could appear during the refresh cycle and occur at the beginning of the next time cycle, since the claim does not recite when the second data access occurs. Regarding claim 7, as can be seen form the timing diagram of figure 4, a second data access occurs just before the beginning of cycle T2 (WR# goes high, to indicate a write operation) during the refresh operation.

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Regarding claims 35, 45, 57, and 58, Leung teaches a system for hiding refresh operations in a dram device using clock division. The invention relates to semiconductor memories using DRAM (col. 1, lines 31-33). Leung does not explicitly state incorporating a processor (claim 45) to control the DRAM memories, but one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that a processor is inherently required for DRAM operations to occur. Figures 4 and 6 diagram the signals used for the external access and refresh operations performed on the DRAM cells. By dividing the clock cycle into two portions, an external request can occur on a first portion of the clock cycle, while the refresh operation occurs on the second portion of the clock cycle (abs., lines 10-13; col. 15, lines 17-26). The description of figures 4 and 6, detailing the specific signals, is found in column 8, line 26 - column 10, line 10 and column 13, line 31 - column 14, line 53, respectively. For example, regarding figure 2 at time T2, both a read access and refresh access are found to be pending. The read access is applied at the start of time T2, while the refresh operation occurs in the latter half of cycle T2 (col. 11, line 62 – col. 12, line 3). The communication link as claimed could be any one of a number of signals as detailed in figure 4. For instance, the WR# signals is used for initiating a read or write operation. The controller as claimed refers to a memory array sequencer (122), which controls operations for the memory array (col. 5, lines 44-50), and a refresh controller (121) for controlling refreshing operations (co. 5, lines 6-7). As a result, external accesses can occur during a separate portion of the clock cycle than the refresh operation (col. 5, line 56 – col. 6, line 7).

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Regarding claims 36, 44, and 54, the WR# signal line, which carries a signal related to a read of write operation, would comprise a command/address bus (communications link) as claimed.

Regarding claim 39, the refresh controller (as recited above) is part of the controller as claimed.

Regarding claim 40, counters (201) and (202) are incremented according to the CLK signal, where the CLK signal is used for all commands (col. 5, lines 19-32) for the DRAM memory.

Regarding claim 46, the WR# signal line, which carries a signal related to a read of write operation, would indicate a read or write command at, for instance, the beginning of time cycle T2, as seen in Figure 6.

Regarding claim 49, e refresh operation occurs according to the refresh controller in the latter half of the time cycle (time slot), as recited above.

Regarding claim 50 counters (201) and (202) are incremented according to the CLK signal, where the CLK signal is used for all commands (col. 5, lines 19-32) for the DRAM memory.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 8-12, 19-21, 30-34, 41-43, and 51-53 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 15, 16, 37, 38, 47, and 48 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 4-7, 13-18, 22-29, 35-40, 44-50, and 54-58 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian R. Peugh whose telephone number is 703-306-5843. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 7:00am to 4:30pm. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Friday's from 7:00am to 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Do Yoo, can be reached on (703) 308-4908. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-746-7239.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

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proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-9600.

DY/BRP

January 20, 2003

UDERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100